7.—Numbers and Percentages of Births (Exclusive of Stillbirths) in Canada to Fathers and Mothers of Specified Origins, 1926, 1936, and 1937—concluded.

Origin of Parents.	Numbers of Births with Father, Mother, or Both Parents of Specified Origin.			Percentages of Births with Father, Mother, or Both Parents of Specified Origin.		
	Father.	Mother.	Both Parents.	Father.	Mother.	Both Parents.
Italian	2,799 2,023	2,379 1,734	2,239 1,387	1·2 0·9	1.0 0.8	1-(0-6
1937 Japanese	1,985 800 573	1,751 798 571	1,349 790 568	0.9 0.3	0·8 0·3 0·3	0-6 0-3 0-3
Negro	518 350 388	516 382 452	514 312 342	0·2 0·2 0·2	0·2 0·2 0·2	0·2 0·1 0·2
1937 Norwegian	391 1,696 1,786	457 1,789 1,887	351 911 668	0·2 0·7 0·8	0·2 0·8 0·9	0·2 0·4 0·3
Polish	1,818 1,988 2,789	1,870 2,172 3,184	620 1,487 1,926	0.8 0.9 1.3	0-8 0-9 1-4	0.2 0.0
1937 Roumanian	2,749 707 449	3,039 601 417	1,822 479 242	1-2 0-3 0-2	1.4 0.3 0.2	0.8 0.2 0.1
1937 Russien 1936 1936	440 2,210 1,339	433 2,041 1,247	246 1.636 841	0-2 0-9 0-6	0.2 0.9 0.6	0.1 0.7 0.4
1937 Serbo-Croatian	1,261 208 417	1,298 185 369	834 168 316	0.6 0.1 0.2	0.6 0.1 0.2	0.4 0.1 0.1
1937 Swedish1926 1936	386 1,370 1,492	351 1,389 1,377	284 633 420	0·2 0·6 0·7	0·2 0·6 0·6	0-1 0-3 0-3
1937 Bwise	1,534 269 1 279	1,394 215	409 91 43	0-7 0-1 0-1	0·6 0·1 0·1	0.1
1937; Byrian	253 284 214	203 1 190 219 167	52 203 125	0-1 0-1 0-1	0·1 0·1 0-1	1 0·1 0·1
1937 Ukrainian*1926 1936	5,072 5,842	158 2 5,255 6,781	112 4,665 5,164	0-1 2-2 2-7	0·1 2·3 3·1	0·1 2·0 2·8
1987 Other1926 1936	5,776 210 249	6,777 165 260	5,057 96 125	2·6 0·1 0·1	3∙1 0∙1 0•1	2.3 1 0.1
0737 Origin not specified	274 6,635 9,012 9,007	256 1,038 1,360 1,434	129 321 217 280	0·1 2·9 4·1 4·1	0·1 0·4 0·6 0·7	0·1 0·1 0·1
Totals1926	232,750	232,750	174,065	100-0	100.0	74-8
1936 1937	220,371 220,235	220,371 220,235	152,351 ³ 151,419 ³	100·0 100·0	100-0 100-0	68-84

¹ Less than one-tenth of one per cent. ² Including "Galician" and "Bukovinian". ² This figure gives the number of children whose fathers and mothers have the same origin. The difference between this figure and the total number of births represents the number of children whose fathers and mothers are of different origins.

⁴ This excludes the percentage of "mixed parentage", i.e., parents not of the same origin.

Illegitimacy.—The ratio of illegitimate to total births is, generally speaking, low in Canada as compared with other countries. The steady increase which is noticeable in recent years is probably due, in some measure, to more complete data.

Out of 220,371 live births in the nine provinces of Canada in 1936, 8,633, or 3.92 p.c., were returned as the issue of unmarried mothers. Figures for 1937 show a total of 220,235 live births, of which 8,574, or 3.89 p.c., were returned as the issue of unmarried mothers. Out of this number, 4,398 were males and 4,176 females—a ratio of 1,053 males to every 1,000 females, as compared with 1,085 males per 1,000 females in 1936, and a general 1937 rate for all live births of 1,057 males to 1,000 females. (See Table 8.)